



Conserving California's Coastal Habitats: A Legacy and a Future with Sea Level Rise



Given sea level rise and existing land cover and management is no net loss possible?



Conserving California's coastal habitats in the face of sea level rise

1.Characterize the coast of today study area extends 5 miles inland from SLR Biodiversity

- 40 habitat types
- 159 imperiled species
- 3 marine mammal haul outs
- 3 shorebird nesting / critical habitat

Land use

- Built environment 17 classes
 - Agriculture 3 classes

Conservation management status



Conserving California's coastal habitats in the face of sea level rise

1. Characterize the coast of today

2.SLR Habitat Vulnerability Assessment analytic zone-tidal and terrestrial habitat impacts

- NOAA SLR data Re-run with CoSMoS 3.0 for LA County only
- 2ft and 5ft SLR
- Quantify and map habitat vulnerability



Conserving California's coastal habitats in the face of sea level rise

1. Characterize the coast of today

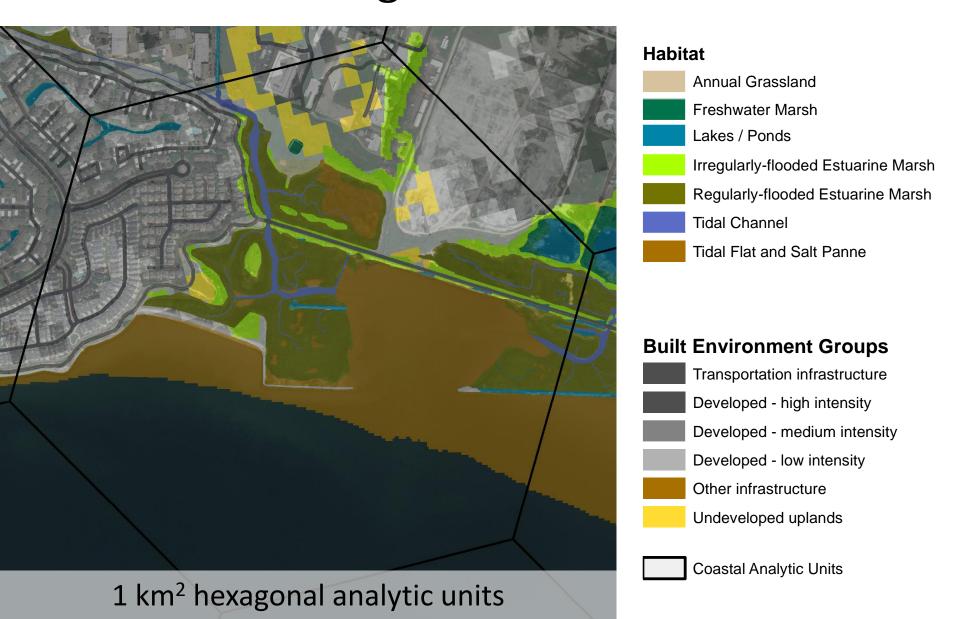
2.SLR Habitat Vulnerability Assessment

3. Direct conservation:

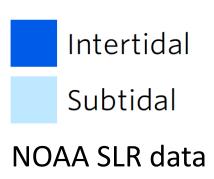
- Identified 5 strategies to conserve habitat
- Quantify and map strategies
- Statewide prioritization
- With local detail



High resolution site level spatial data e.g. El Cerrito



Characterize sea level rise into subtidal and intertidal exposure





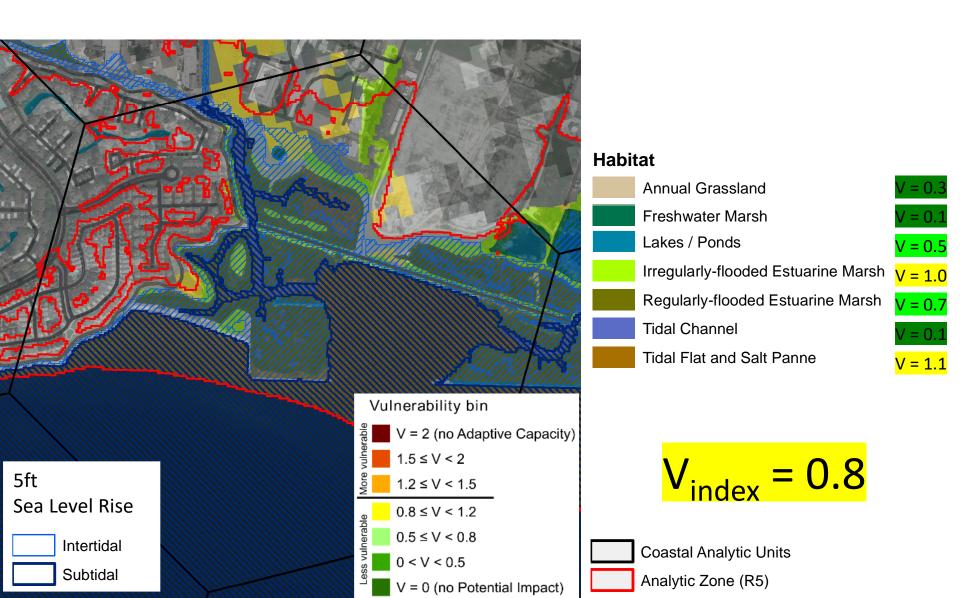




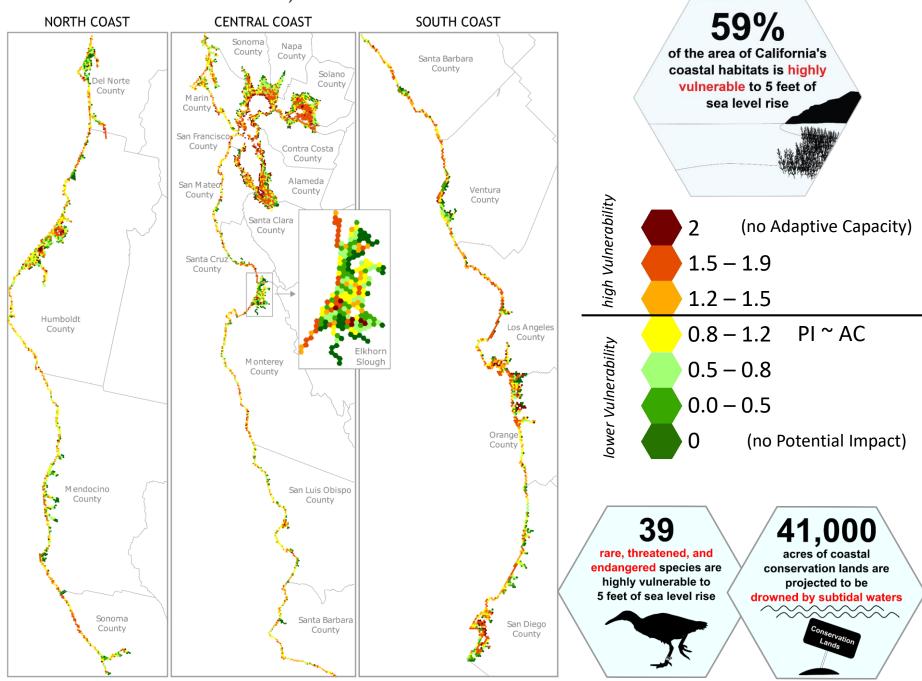


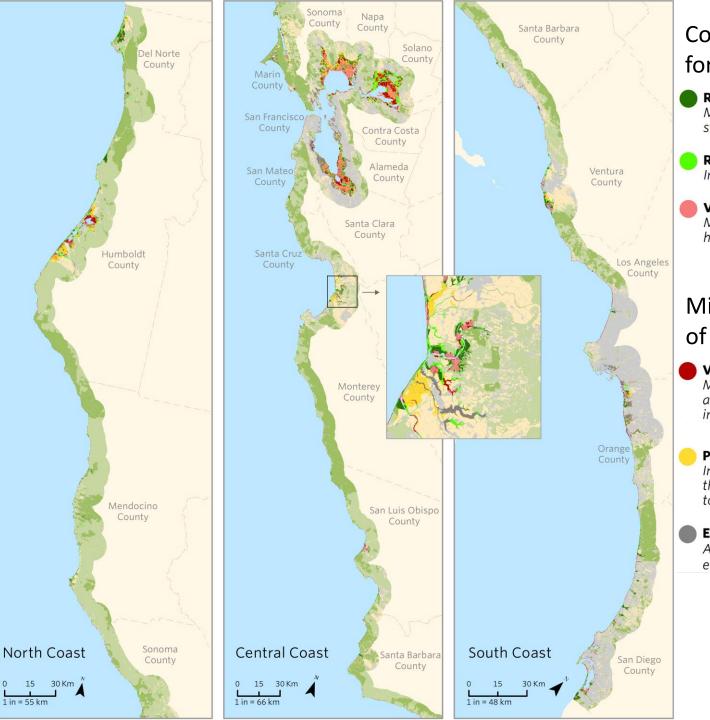
Vulnerability = Potential Impact / Adaptive Capacity Habitat / Exposure * Sansitivity / room for Transgrassion |

(Exposure * Sensitivity) (room for Transgression)



VULNERABILITY INDEX, 5 ft SEA LEVEL RISE





Conserve and Manage for Resilience

- Resilient Conserved Habitat
 Maintain the resilience and conservation
 status of existing conservation land.
- Resilient Non-conserved Habitat
 Invest in conserving resilient landscapes.
- Vulnerable Conserved Habitat
 Manage in place for resilience to help
 habitat keep pace with sea level rise.

Mitigate Potential Losses of Vulnerable Habitats

- Vulnerable Non-conserved Habitat Mitigate potential losses by adapting adjacent built environment and/or investing in potential future habitat.
- Potential Future Habitat
 Invest in conservation and management
 that allows vulnerable habitat
 to transgress inland.
- Exposed Built Environment

 Adapt the built environment to enhance habitat area and function.
 - Conserved Habitat

 Non-conserved Habitat

 Undeveloped Uplands

 Built Environment

Hope for the Coast: A Vision for California's Coastal Future

We will maintain and enhance California's coast in the face of sea level rise, other climate change-induced challenges, and development. By working collectively and guided by science, we will ensure the coast is protected for future generations to enjoy, replete with as much or more habitat and wildlife, as well as social, economic, and recreational benefits, as we have today.

A Growing California Coalition

State Agencies

Ocean Protection Council California Coastal Commission State Lands Commission State Coastal Conservancy

Local Governments

County of San Mateo
County of Ventura
County of Santa Barbara
County of Los Angeles
City of Goleta
City of Oxnard

Federal Partners

National Estuarine Research Reserves (San Francisco Bay, Elkhorn Slough & Tijuana River)

Regional Organizations

Beach Erosion Authority for Clean Oceans Nourishment (BEACON)

San Diego Regional Climate Collaborative

Central Coast Climate Collaborative

Other Supporters

Los Angeles County Supervisor Sheila Kuehl

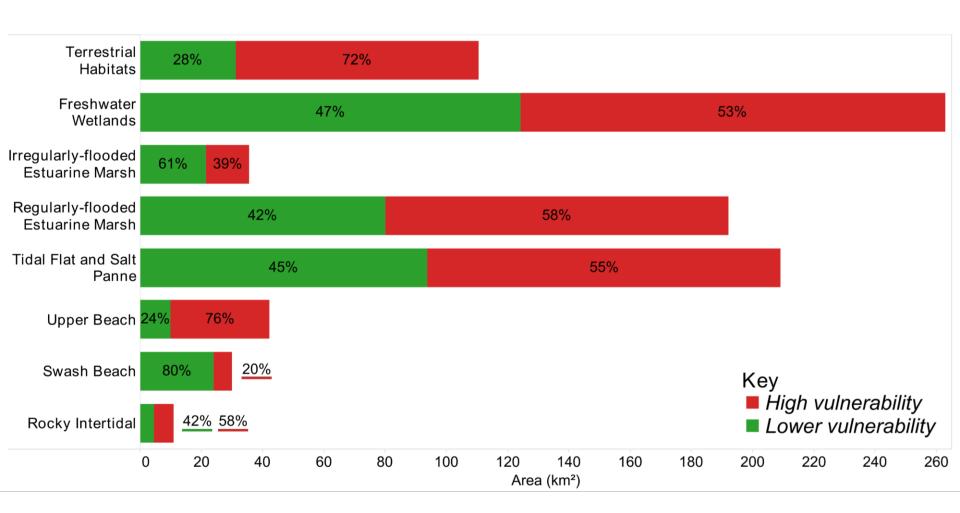
City of Imperial Beach Mayor Serge Dedina

City of Oxnard Mayor Pro Tem Carmen Ramirez



Extra Slides

Statewide Habitat Vulnerability



Study Area

Includes analytic zone, extends 5 miles inland from farthest extent of inundation from projected 5 feet of sea level rise.

Analytic Zone

Includes the area of current tidal range, mean lower low water (MLLW) to mean higher high water (MHHW), and up to a contour twice the vertical elevation of projected sea level rise. -

5 feet sea level rise

Current conditions

Analytic zone on the ground I

This image from Santa Cruz County shows how the analytic zone lies on the ground (red polygon). The area inside the analytic zone represents a realistic zone of influence for sea level rise. Differences in slope and topography determine the area of the analytic zone as it follows an elevation contour five vertical feet above projected sea level rise. Image © DigitalGlobe



Relative

Elevation

(feet)